Early Onset Menopause Among Women Living with HIV in Canada

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Conflicts of Interest

No conflicts to disclose



Background

- Natural menopause typically occurs between the ages of 50-52 years in Canada and the USA
 - Early menopause (EM): 40-45 years
 - Premature ovarian failure (POF): <40 years
- Implications of EM/POF:

Brambilla. J Clin Epi 1989; 42(11) World Health Organization, 1996

- Changes in mood and sexual function
- Reduced quality of life
- Early development of other comorbidities:
 - Cardiovascular disease
 - Osteoporosis
- Increased mortality



Background

- Several observational studies have suggested that women with HIV:
 - Have a younger age of menopause than the general population
 - Are more likely to experience early menopause (<45 years) and POF (<40 years)
- Earlier menopause associated with:
 - Ethnicity (African-American)
 - Lower CD4 Count
 - Injection Drug Use (IDU), Hepatitis C, Smoking



Objective

 To assess the age of menopause, and the prevalence and predictors of early menopause in a cohort of HIVpositive Canadian women



Methodology – Study Population

 The Canadian HIV Women's Sexual and Reproductive Health Study (CHIWOS) is a community-based, prospective cohort study of women with HIV ≥16 years in BC, ON and QC, Canada

- Enrollment: October 2013 June 2015
- Extensive baseline questionnaire with questions related to menopause and menstruation
- At the time of analysis, 1105 women had completed this questionnaire

Methodology – Study Population

- Cross-sectional analysis of post-menopausal women
 - Identified based on hierarchal responses to 4 questions:
 - When did you start your most recent menstrual period?
 - How would you describe your menstrual status as it relates to menopause?
 - When did you complete menopause?
 - Which of the following reasons describes why you have not had a period for >12 months?

• Exclusion:

- Never previously had a period
- Pregnant
- Taking hormonal contraception
- No reported age of menopause



Methodology – Statistical Analysis

Primary Outcome:

- Median age of menopause (with IQR)
- Sensitivity analysis: exclusion of women with surgical menopause

Secondary Outcomes:

- 1) Early Menopause and POF:
 - Prevalence of menopause 40 to <45 years (early menopause)
 - Prevalence of menopause <40 years (POF)
 - Sensitivity analysis: exclusion of women with surgical menopause
- 2) Correlates of menopause <45 years:</p>
 - Univariate analyses (chi-square, Fishers' exact, Wilcoxon Rank Sum)
 - MV analysis (logistic regression, backward selection)

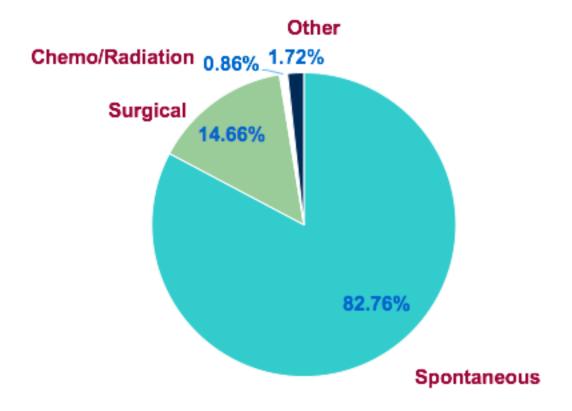


Baseline Characteristics

Variable	Study Population (n=232)			
	Median or Frequency	IQR or Proportion		
Age (years)	55	51-59		
Duration of HIV (years)	15.3	9.7-19.8		
Ethnicity Caucasian ACB Indigenous	123 52 44	53.0% 22.4% 19.0%		
HIV Risk Heterosexual Needles Transfusion Perinatal	142 55 19 2	61.2% 23.7% 8.2% 0.9%		
Injection Drug Use (ever)	91	39.2%		
Current Antiretroviral Therapy	220	94.8%		
CD4 Count (current) <200 cells/mm ³ 200-500 cells/mm ³ >500 cells/mm ³	16 70 123	6.9% 30.2% 53.0%		
Undetectable Viral Load	202	87.1%		

Causes of Menopause

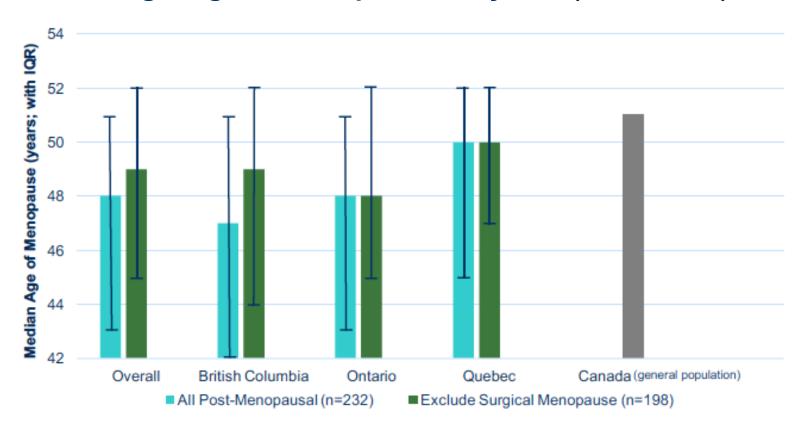
 34/232 women (14.7%) reported surgery as the cause of menopause





Age of Menopause

- Median age of menopause: 48 years (IQR: 43-51)
 - Excluding surgical menopause: 49 years (IQR: 45-52)



Early Menopause and POF

- 68/232 (29.3%) women reported menopause <45 years
 - Excluding surgical menopause: 43/198 (21.7%)

Age of Menopause	Study Population (n=232) Frequency (%)	Exclude Surgical Menopause (n=198) Frequency (%)
<40 years	30 (12.9%)	14 (7.6%)
40 to <45 years	38 (16.4%)	29 (14.6%)
45 to <50 years	62 (26.7%)	58 (29.3%)
≥ 50 years	102 (44.0%)	96 (48.5%)

- In the general population:
 - 5% of women have menopause <45 years; 1% <40 years

Correlates of Early Menopause

Variable	Univariate Analysis		Multivariate Analysis	
	Odds Ratio (OR)	95% Confidence Interval (CI)	Adjusted OR	95% CI
Age at Interview	0.89	0.83-0.95	0.86	0.80-0.92
Duration HIV	1.04	0.99-1.09	1.04	0.99-1.09
Born Outside Canada	0.50	0.26-0.98	Not selected*	
Education High School or Higher	0.42	0.21-0.81	0.52	0.23-1.15
Never Smoked	2.33	1.18-4.55	Not selected*	
Ever IDU	2.26	1.27-4.04	1.27	0.62-2.58
Ever Hepatitis C	2.23	1.25-3.97	Not selected*	
Cause of Menopause Spontaneous (ref) Surgery	8.57	3.80-19.33	7.63	3.03-19.24

Limitations

- Lack of HIV-negative control
 - Comparison to general population rates only
- Sample size
 - Only 68 women had menopause < 45 years
- Self-Reported Menopause
 - Some studies suggest HIV-positive women have high rates amenorrhea without menopause
- 203 of 435 post-menopausal women did not report age of menopause and were excluded from analysis
 CHIWO

Variable	Study Population (n=232)		Excluded PM Women (n=203)		p-value
	Median or Frequency	IQR or Proportion	Median or Frequency	IQR or Proportion	
Age (years)	55	51-59	50	45-54	<0.001
Duration HIV (years)	15.3	9.7-19.8	14.2	8.1-19.8	0.231
Province Ontario BC Quebec	71 75 86	30.6% 32.3% 37.1%	98 62 43	48.3% 30.5% 21.2%	<0.001
Ethnicity Caucasian ACB Indigenous	123 52 44	53.0% 22.4% 19.0%	100 36 45	49.3% 17.7% 22.2%	0.127
HIV Risk Heterosexual Needles Transfusion Perinatal	142 55 19 2	61.2% 23.7% 8.2% 0.9%	107 65 13 1	52.7% 32.0% 6.4% 0.5%	0.324
Injection Drug Use	91	39.2%	100	49.3%	0.042
Antiretroviral Therapy	220	94.8%	180	88.7%	0.068
CD4 Count (cells/mm3 <200 cells/mm³ 200-500 >500	16 70 123	6.9% 30.2% 53.0%	15 54 94	7.4% 26.6% 46.3%	0.866
Undetectable VL	202	87.1%	159	78.3%	0.111

Conclusions

- The median age of spontaneous menopause in this cohort of Canadian women was 49 years (48 years overall)
- For women who went through spontaneous menopause:
 - 22.2% had menopause <45 years</p>
 - 7.6% had menopause <40 years</p>
 - Lower than the rate of EM/POF in general population (1-5%)
- Older age, birth outside Canada, and higher education protective, while smoking, IDU, hepatitis C were risk factors for EM in univariate analyses
 - Only age remained significant in MV analysis



Acknowledgements

- All CHIWOS Participants and PRAs
- The Canadian HIV Trials Network



Questions



